Chronological awareness				
	END OF EYFS	END OF KS1	END OF LKS2	END OF UKS2
Chronology and understanding	Know similarities between things in the past and now, drawing upon their experiences and what has been read in class. Use language relating to time eg. now and past. Order and sequence familiar events.	Sequence 3-5 events and artefacts. Sequence events and recount changes within living memory. Describe memories of key events in their life Begin to recognise how long each event lasted. Know where people/events studied fit into a chronological framework. Describe similarities and differences of artefacts and between ways of life in different periods. Place people or events studied on a simple timeline. Use common words and phrases for the passing of time (E.g. now, long ago, then, before, after, past, present, before, after, then, now).	Use dates to work out the interval between periods of time and the duration of historical events or periods. Sequence 6-8 events, historical pictures or artefacts. Understand that history is divided into periods of history eg. ancient times, Middle Ages and modern. Understand more complex terms (e.g. BC/AD, decade, century) Place events from periods studied on timeline Use dates and terms related to the unit and passing of time, eg. millennium, continuity, and ancient. Begin to develop a chronologically secure knowledge of local, British and world history across periods studied. Notice connections over a period of time. Make a simple individual timeline.	Know and sequence key events of time studied, comparing where it fits in with times studied in previous year groups. Understand the term 'century' and how dating by centuries works. Putting dates in the correct century. Use relevant terms and period labels, eg. Stone Age, Bronze Age, Romans, Anglo-Saxons, Vikings, Greeks, Ancient Egyptians, Mayas and Victorians. Make comparisons between different historical periods. Develop a chronologically secure understanding of British, local and world history across the periods studied. Place the time, period of history and context on a timeline. Use relevant dates and terms. Sequence 8-10 events on a timeline.

Disciplinary concepts				
	END OF EYFS	END OF KS1	END OF LKS2	END OF UKS2
Change and continuity	Observe and describe how things have changed and stayed the same during my life. Develop and understanding of growth, decay and change over time. Comment on images of familiar situations in the past.	Describe simple changes and know some ideas/objects remain the same over different time periods. Identify similarities and differences between ways of life at different times. Identify simple reasons for changes.	Identify reasons for change and reasons for continuities. Identify what the situation was like before the change occurred. Compare different periods of history. Describe the changes and continuities between different periods of history. Identify the links between different societies.	Describe the links between main events, similarities and differences and changes within and across different periods/studied. Describe the links between different societies. Explain the reasons for changes and continuity using the vocabulary and terms of the period as well. Analyse and present the reasons for change and continuity.
Diversity (Similarities and differences)	Know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.	Know some things which have changed / stayed the same as the past. Find out about people, events and beliefs in society and make comparisons with their own lives. Make simple observations about different types of people, events, beliefs within a society.	Identify similarities and differences between periods of history. Explain similarities and differences between daily lives of people in the past and today. Identify similarities and differences between social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world.	Describe similarities and differences between social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world. Make links with different time periods studied. Describe change throughout time.
Cause and consequence	Say why things happen and give explanations.	Ask questions about why people did things, why events happened and what happened as a result. Recognise why people did things, why events happened and what happened as a result.	Identify the consequences of events and the actions of people. Identify reasons for historical events, situations and changes.	Give reasons for historical events, the results of historical events, situations and changes. Start to analyse and explain the reasons for, and results of historical events, situations and change.
Historical significance	Recognise and describe special times or events for me, my friends or family.	Recall special events in their own lives. Discuss who was important in a historical event.	Recall some important people and events. Identify who is important in historical sources and accounts.	Identify significant people and events across different time periods.

				Compare significant people and events across different time periods.
				Explain the significance of events, people and developments.
		Begin to identify different ways to represent the past (photos, stories, adults talking about the past).	Identify the differences between different sources and giving reasons for the ways in which the past is represented.	Compare accounts of events from different sources. Suggest explanations for different
Historical interpretation		Compare two different versions of the past eg. a diary entry with a newspaper account.	Explore different representations from the period e.g. archaeological evidence, museum evidence, cartoons and books.	versions of events. Evaluate the usefulness of historical sources.
			Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources. Understanding that sources can contradict each other.	Identify how conclusions have been arrived at by linking sources.
			Look at a range of historical sources.	Understand that different evidence creates different conclusions.
				Use books and e-learning for research.
	Know that information can be retrieved from books and computers.	Sort artefacts from then and now.	Understand how historical enquiry questions are structured.	Plan a historical enquiry.
Historical enquiry	Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.	Use artefacts, photographs and visits to museums to ask and answer questions about the past. Make simple observations about a source or artefact. Use sources to show an understanding of historical concepts. – Ask why, what, who, how and where questions and find answers to them.	Create historically-valid questions across a range of time periods, cultures and groups of	Suggest the evidence needed to carry out the enquiry.
			people. Ask questions about the main features of	Identify methods to use to carry out the research.
			everyday life in periods studied, e.g. how did people live. Use a range of sources to find out about a	Ask historical questions of increasing difficulty e.g. who governed, how and with what results?
			period. Observe the small details when using artefacts and pictures.	Ask questions about the interpretations, viewpoints and perspectives held by others.
			Use evidence to build up a picture of a past event.	Use a range of sources to find out about a particular aspect of the past.
			Begin to recognise primary and secondary sources.	Recognise primary and secondary sources.

				Select relevant sections of information. Identify bias in a source and identifying the value of the sources to historical enquiry and the limitations of sources. Bring knowledge gathering from several sources together in a fluent account.
Organisation and communication	Record, using 'marks' they can interpret and explain.	Communicate answers to questions in a variety of ways, including discussion, drama and writing (labelling, simple recount). Use relevant vocabulary in answers - old, new, long time ago. Describe past events and people by drawing or writing. Express a personal response to a historical story or event through discussion, drawing our writing.	Communicate knowledge and understanding through discussion, debates, drama, art and writing. Construct answers using evidence to substantiate findings. Create a structured response or narrative to answer a historical enquiry. Describe past events orally or in writing, recognising similarities and differences with today.	Communicate knowledge and understanding using historical terms and relevant historical information from a range of sources in an increasingly diverse number of ways, including discussion, debates, drama, art, writing, blog posts and podcasts. Show written and oral evidence of continuity and change as well as indicting simple causation. Use historical evidence to create an imaginative reconstruction exploring the feelings of people from the time. Construct explanations for past events using cause and effect.